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I.

A. Petitioner, NICOLE CURTIS ("Petitioner") and Respondent, SHANE MAGUIRE

A. I etitioner, NICOLL CONTIO (I etitioner) and Nespondent, Charle MACOINE

("Respondent") are the parties in the pending custody action. Respondent has been

represented by Land Legal Group, APC. since October 21, 2021. Erin Brown, Esq. ("Ms.

Brown") was employed by Land Legal Group, APC., and performed work as an attorney

representing Respondent. Ms. Brown is recently employed by Skarin Law Group, APC.,

attorneys for Petitioner. Skarin Law Group should be vicariously disqualified as counsel for

Petitioner.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. SKARIN LAW GROUP, APC. BE VICARIOUSLY DISQUALIFIED

Rule 3-310(E) of the Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of California provides: "A member shall not, without the informed written consent of the client or former client, accept employment adverse to the client or former client where, by reason of the representation of the client or former client, the member has obtained confidential information material to the employment."

In the context of an employee in a legal setting who has relocated to another private firm that is now adverse to the employee's former client, no published California case holds that an ethical wall (previously referred to as the "Chinese Wall") will suffice to defeat the rule of vicarious qualification of the entire firm. To the contrary, the courts have held that there is simply "no gray area" and that "the entire firm must be vicariously disqualified even if [the employee] has been ethically screened from day one." *Henriksen v. Great Am. Sav & Loan* (1992) 11 Cal.App.4th 109, 115-1116.

As noted by another court, "[c]learly, the California precedent has not rushed to accept the concept of disqualifying the attorney but not the firm, nor has it enthusiastically embarked upon erecting Chinese walls." *Klein v. Superior Court* (1988) 198 Cal.App.3d 894, 912-913; see *Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. v Superior Court* (1988) 200 Cal.App.3d 272, 293-294.

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It has been held that disqualification is proper as a prophylactic measure to prevent possible future prejudice to the opposing Party from information the attorney should not have possessed. See *Gregori v Bank of America* (1989) 207 Cal.App.3d 291, 309 ["disqualification is proper where, as a result of a prior representation or through improper means, there is a reasonable probability counsel has obtained information the court believes would likely be used advantageously against an adverse Party during the course of the litigation"]; See McDermott Will & Emery LLP v. Superior Court (2017) 10 Cal.App.5th 1083, 1120.

In *In re Complex Asbestor Litigation*, the court of appeal explained disqualification was warranted, not because the disqualified attorney had a direct duty to protect the adverse Party's confidences, but because the situation implicated the attorney's ethical duty to maintain the integrity of the judicial process. See *In re Complex Asbestos Litigation* (1991) 232 Cal.App.3d 572, 593. [Emphasis Added].

In this case, Ms. Brown was the lead associate attorney representing Respondent. The probability exists that Ms. Brown has obtained information that could be used advantageously against Respondent in the pending litigation. Please see the Declaration of Joseph Land in Support of the instant ex parte request for order that includes redacted billing statements reflecting the work Ms. Brown has done on behalf of Respondent.

B. MONETARY SANCTIONS MUST BE IMPOSED AGAINST PETITIONER FOR NECESSITATING THIS EX PARTE APPLICATION WITHOUT CAUSE.

Code of Civil Procedure section 128.5(a) permits this Court to order a party who engages in frivolous litigation tactics to pay the reasonable expenses, including fees, incurred by a party as a result of those tactics. Here, counsel for Petitioner was made aware of the conflict in representation and has refused to recuse himself, let alone respond to our meet and confer on the issue. Because of Petitioner's actions by and through her attorney of record, Respondent will incur approximately \$5,000 for bringing this application and for any future hearings on the issues. It is respectfully requested that Skarin Law Group be ordered to pay attorney's fees and costs as sanctions in the amount of \$5,000.00.

III. CONCLUSION For the foregoing reasons, Respondent's ex parte Request for Order should be granted in its entirety. Respectfully Submitted, Date: September 12, 2022 Joseph Land, Esq. LAND LEGAL GROUP, APC. Attorneys for Respondent, SHANE MAGUIRE.